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## CLAIMS

- A polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer characterized in including at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-alkenoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula
   (1) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy-ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule:
- 10 [Chemical Formula (1)]

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 & O & & O & & & \\
\hline
 & O & & CH & & CH_{2} & C & & \\
 & & CH_{2} & n & = 1-8 & \\
 & & CH_{2} & n & = 1-8 & \\
 & & & CH_{2} & & CH_{2} & & \\
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 & CH_{2}$$

in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, n is the same or different for each unit;

[Chemical Formula (2)]

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in which m represents an integer selected within a
range indicated in the chemical formula; R represents
a residue having any of a phenyl structure or a
thienyl structure; and in case plural units are
present, m and R are the same or different for each
unit;

[Chemical Formula (3)]

$$CH - CH_2 - C - CH_2 - C - CH_2 - C$$

in which R<sub>1</sub> being a substituent on a cyclohexyl group represents a hydrogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a halogen atom, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; k represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>1</sub> and k may be the same or

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different for each unit.

2. The polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 1, wherein R in the chemical formula (2) represents a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure selected from the group consisting of chemical formulas (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17) and (18): the chemical formula (8):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenyl groups in which  $R_2$ , a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, represents a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CH_2$  group, a  $COOR_3$  group ( $R_3$  represents an H atom, a Na atom or a K atom), a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_2$  is the same or different for each unit;

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the chemical formula (9):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenoxy groups in which  $R_4$  represents a substituent on

an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $SCH_3$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_4$  may be the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (10):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted

10 benzoyl groups in which R<sub>5</sub> represents a substituent on
an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen
atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>
group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a
C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>5</sub>

15 may be the same or different for each unit;
the chemical formula (11)

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which R<sub>6</sub> represents a

20 substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>7</sub>

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group, a  $SO_2R_8$  group ( $R_7$  represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_8$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_6$  may be the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (12):

$$R_9$$
  $CH_2$   $CS$   $(12)$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted (phenylmethyl) sulfanyl groups in which R<sub>9</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>10</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub> group (R<sub>10</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>11</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>9</sub> may be the same or different for each unit;

20 the chemical formula (13):

represents a 2-thienyl group;
the chemical formula (14)

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represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

5 represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

$$R_{12}$$
  $S$   $S$   $(16)$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfinyl groups in which R<sub>12</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>13</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>14</sub> group (R<sub>13</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>14</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>12</sub> may be the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (17):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which R<sub>15</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>16</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub> group (R<sub>16</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>17</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>15</sub> may be the same or different for each unit; and

the chemical formula (18):

- 15 represents a (phenylmethyl) oxy group.
  - 3. The polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 1, wherein a number-averaged molecular weight is within a range from 1000 to 1000000.
  - 4. A polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer characterized in including at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -

carboxyalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (19) or 3-hydroxy-\omega-alkoxycarbonylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (32) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy-\omega-alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy-\omega-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule, [Chemical Formula (19)]

$$n = 1-8$$
 (19)

- in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula;  $R_{18}$  represents an H atom, a Na atom or a K atom: and in case plural units are present, n and  $R_{18}$  may be the same or different for each unit; and
- 15 [Chemical Formula (32)]

$$\begin{array}{c} & \bigcirc \\ & \bigcirc \\$$

$$n = 1-8$$
 (32)

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$$R_{27}: H_3C$$
 ,  $C_2H_5$  ,  $H_3C$  ,  $CH_3$  ,  $CH_2$  ,  $CH_2$ 

in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula;  $R_{27}$  represents any of residues indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, n and  $R_{27}$  may be the same or different for each unit [Chemical Formula (2)]

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in which m represents an integer selected within a

range indicated in the chemical formula; R includes a
residue having any of a phenyl structure or a thienyl
structure; and in case plural units are present, m
and R may be the same or different for each unit; and
[Chemical Formula (3)]

$$CH - CH_{2} - C$$

$$CH_{2})k$$

$$k = 0-8$$

$$R_{1}$$

$$(3)$$

in which  $R_1$  represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group and represents an H atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a halogen atom, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; k represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present,  $R_1$  and k are the same or different for each unit.

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5. The polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 4, wherein R in the chemical formula (2), represents a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure selected from chemical formulas (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), and (18):

the chemical formula (8):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenyl groups in which  $R_2$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CH=CH_2$  group, a  $COOR_3$  group ( $R_3$  representing an H atom, a Na atom or a K atom), a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_2$  is the same or different for each unit;

10 the chemical formula (9):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenoxy groups in which  $R_4$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $SCH_3$  group, a  $SCH_3$ 

the chemical formula (10):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted

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benzoyl groups in which  $R_5$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$ group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_5$ is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (11):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which  $R_6$  represents a 10 substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO2 group, a COOR7 group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> group (R<sub>7</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_8$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH $_3$  and OC $_2$ H $_5$ ), a CH $_3$ group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_6$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (12):

$$R_9$$
  $CH_2$   $-S$   $(12)$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted

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(phenylmethyl) sulfanyl groups in which  $R_9$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{10}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{11}$  group ( $R_{10}$  represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{11}$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a ( $CH_3$ )<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a ( $CH_3$ )<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_9$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (13):

represents a 2-thienyl group; the chemical formula (14):

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represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfinyl groups in which R<sub>12</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>13</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>14</sub> group (R<sub>13</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>14</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>12</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (17):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which R<sub>15</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>16</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub> group (R<sub>16</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>17</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units

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are present,  $R_{15}$  is the same or different for each unit; and

the chemical formula (18):

5 represents a (phenylmethyl)oxy group.

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- 6. The polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 4, wherein a number-averaged molecular weight is within a range from 1000 to 1000000.
- 7. A method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer characterized in including a biosynthesis by a microorganism having an ability of producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including 15 at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -alkenoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (1) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3hydroxy-\omega-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by 20 a chemical formula (3) in the molecule, from at least an  $\omega$ -alkenoic acid represented by a chemical formula (24) and at least a compound represented by a chemical formula (25) or at least an  $\omega$ cyclohexylalkanoic acid represented by a chemical 25

formula (26) as starting materials: [Chemical Formula (24)]

$$H_2C$$
— $HC$ — $(CH_2)_p$ — $CH_2$ — $CH_2$ — $CH_2$ — $OH$ 

$$p = 1-8 \qquad (24)$$

in which p represents an integer selected within a
5 range indicated in the chemical formula;
[Chemical Formula (25)]

$$R_{23}$$
—(CH<sub>2</sub>)q—CH<sub>2</sub>—CH<sub>2</sub>—C-OH  
q = 1-8 (25)

in which q represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and  $R_{23}$  includes a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure;

[Chemical Formula (26)]

$$H_{24}$$
  $O$   $II$   $O$   $II$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_3$   $CH_4$   $CH_5$   $C$ 

in which  $R_{24}$  represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group and represents an H atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a halogen atom, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and r represents an integer selected within a range

indicated in the chemical formula; [Chemical Formula (1)]

in which n represents an integer selected within a

5 range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case
plural units are present, n is the same or different
for each unit;

[Chemical Formula (2)]

$$CH_{2} CH_{2} CH_{2}$$

in which m represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; R represents a residue having any of a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure; and in case plural units are present, m and R are the same or different for each unit; and

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[Chemical Formula (3)]

$$CH - CH_{2} - C - CH_{2} - C$$

in which  $R_1$  represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group and represents an H atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a halogen atom, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; k represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present,  $R_1$  and k are the same or different for each unit.

8. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 7, wherein R<sub>23</sub> in the chemical formula (25) and R in the chemical formula (2), each represents a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, are selected from chemical formulas (31), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17) and (18): the chemical formula (31):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenyl groups in which  $R_{26}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CH_2$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{26}$  is the same or different for each unit;

10 the chemical formula (9):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenoxy groups in which  $R_4$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $SCH_3$  group, a  $SCH_3$ 

the chemical formula (10):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted

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benzoyl groups in which  $R_5$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_5$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (11):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which R<sub>6</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>7</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> group (R<sub>7</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>8</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>6</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (12):

$$H_9$$
  $CH_2$   $-S$   $(12)$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted (phenylmethyl)sulfanyl groups in which R9 represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H

atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>10</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub> group (R<sub>10</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>11</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>9</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (13):

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represents a 2-thienyl group; the chemical formula (14):

represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfinyl groups in which  $R_{12}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO2 group, a  $\text{COOR}_{13}$  group, a  $\text{SO}_2\text{R}_{14}$  group (R<sub>13</sub> representing either 5 one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{14}$  representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH3 and  $OC_2H_5$ ), a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{12}$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (17):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which  $R_{15}$  represents a 15 substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO2 group, a  $\text{COOR}_{16}$  group, a  $\text{SO}_2\text{R}_{17}$  group (R<sub>16</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{17}$  representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH $_3$  and 20  $OC_2H_5$ ), a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{15}$  is the same or different for each unit; and

25 the chemical formula (18):

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represents a (phenylmethyl)oxy group.

- 9. The method for producing a polyhydroxy
  5 alkanoate copolymer according to claim 7, wherein said microorganism is cultured in a culture medium including at least an ω-alkenoic acid represented by the chemical formula (24) and at least a compound represented by the chemical formula (25) or at least an ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid represented by the chemical formula (26).
- 10. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 9, wherein said microorganism is cultured in a culture medium including, in addition to at least an ω-alkenoic acid represented by the chemical formula (24) and at least a compound represented by the chemical formula (25) or at least an ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid represented by the chemical formula (26), at least one of a peptide, an yeast extract, an organic acid or a salt thereof, an amino acid or a salt thereof, a sugar, a linear alkanoic acid with 4 to 12 carbon atoms or a salt thereof.

- 11. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 7, characterized in including a step of culturing said microorganism in a culture medium including at least an  $\omega$ -alkenoic acid represented by the chemical 5 formula (24) and at least a compound represented by the chemical formula (25) or at least an  $\omega$ cyclohexylalkanoic acid represented by the chemical formula (26), and recovering a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including simultaneously at least a 3-10  $hydroxy-\omega-alkenoic$  acid unit represented by the chemical formula (1) and a 3-hydroxy-\u03c3-alkanoic acid unit represented by the chemical formula (2) or a 3hydroxy- $\omega$ -cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by the chemical formula (3) in the molecule, produced by 15 said microorganism, from cells of the microorganism.
- 12. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 7, wherein said microorganism is a microorganism belonging to Pseudomonas genus.
- 13. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 12, wherein said microorganism is at least one of *Pseudomonas cichorii* YN2 strain (FERM BP-7375), *Pseudomonas cichorii* H45 strain (FERM BP-7374), *Pseudomonas*

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jessenii P161 (FERM BP-7376) and `Pseudomonas putida
P91 (FERM BP-7373).

- 14. A method for producing a polyhydroxy
  5 alkanoate copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-carboxyalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (19) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy-ω-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule comprising the steps of:
  - preparing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy-\omega-alkenoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (1) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy-\omega-alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy-\omega-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule as a starting material, and

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oxidizing a double bond portion in the polyhydroxy alkanoate represented in the chemical formula (1) thereby generating a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-25 carboxyalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (19) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-alkanoic acid unit represented by

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a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule: [Chemical Formula (1)]

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in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, n is the same or different for each unit;

10 [Chemical Formula (2)]

in which m represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; R includes a residue having any of a phenyl structure and a thienyl structure; and in case plural units are present, m and R are the same or different for each

## unit;

[Chemical Formula (3)]

$$- \left\{0 - CH - CH_2 - C - \right\}$$

$$(CH_2)k$$

$$k = 0-8$$

$$R_1$$

$$(3)$$

in which R<sub>1</sub> represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group selected from an H atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a halogen atom, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, and a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; k represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>1</sub> and k are the same or different for each unit; and [Chemical Formula (19)]

n = 1-8 (19)

in which n represents an integer selected within a

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range indicated in the chemical formula;  $R_{18}$  represents an H atom, a Na atom, or a K atom; and in case plural units are present, n and  $R_{18}$  are the same or different for each unit.

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15. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 14, wherein R in the chemical formula (2) represents a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure selected from chemical formulas (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17) and (18): the chemical formula (8):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenyl groups in which R<sub>2</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CH=CH<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>3</sub> group (R<sub>3</sub> representing an H atom, a Na atom or a K atom), a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>2</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (9):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenoxy groups in which  $R_4$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $SCH_3$  group, a  $SCH_3$ 

the chemical formula (10):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted benzoyl groups in which  $R_5$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_5$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (11):

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2 C

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which R<sub>6</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>7</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> group (R<sub>7</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>8</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>6</sub> is the same or different for each unit; the chemical formula (12):

$$R_9$$
  $CH_2$   $CS$   $(12)$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted (phenylmethyl) sulfanyl groups in which  $R_9$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{10}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{11}$  group ( $R_{10}$  represents either one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{11}$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom,  $OCH_3$  and  $OC_2H_5$ ), a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_9$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (13):

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represents a 2-thienyl group; the chemical formula (14)

5 represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfinyl groups in which  $R_{12}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{13}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{14}$  group ( $R_{13}$  represents either one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{14}$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom,  $OCH_3$  and  $OC_2H_5$ ), a

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CH<sub>3</sub> group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{12}$  is the same or different for each unit;

5 the chemical formula (17):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which  $R_{15}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{16}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{17}$  group ( $R_{16}$  represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{17}$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and  $OC_2H_5$ ), a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{15}$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (18):

- 20 represents a (phenylmethyl)oxy group.
  - 16. The method according to claim 14, wherein said starting material polyhydroxy alkanoate

copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -alkenoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (1) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule, is produced by a method according to claim 7.

17. The method for producing a polyhydroxy

10 alkanoate copolymer according to claim 16, wherein R

in the chemical formula (2), representing a residue

having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, is

at least one of chemical formulas (31), (9), (10),

(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17) and (18):

the chemical formula (31):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenyl groups in which R<sub>26</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CH=CH<sub>2</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>26</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

25 the chemical formula (9):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenoxy groups in which R<sub>4</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a SCH<sub>3</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>4</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (10):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted benzoyl groups in which  $R_5$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_5$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (11):

20 represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which R6 represents a

substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>7</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> group (R<sub>7</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>8</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>6</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (12):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted (phenylmethyl) sulfanyl groups in which R<sub>9</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a

15 COOR<sub>10</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub> group (R<sub>10</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>11</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case

20 plural units are present, R<sub>9</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (13):

represents a 2-thienyl group; the chemical formula (14):

represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfinyl groups in which R<sub>12</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>13</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>14</sub> group (R<sub>13</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>14</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and CC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>12</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (17):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which  $R_{15}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{16}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{17}$  group ( $R_{16}$  representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{17}$  representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and  $CC_2H_5$ ), a  $CC_3$  group, a  $CC_3$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $CC_3$  is the same or different for each unit; and

the chemical formula (18):

15 represents a (phenylmethyl) oxy group.

- 18. The producing method according to claim 14, wherein said oxidation reaction is carried out with an oxidant selected from a group consisting of a permanganate, a bichromate and a periodate.
- 19. The producing method according to claim 18, wherein said oxidation reaction is carried out with a

permanganate as an oxidant and under an acidic condition.

- 20. The producing method according to claim 14,
  5 wherein said oxidation reaction is carried out with ozone.
- 21. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including a biosynthesis by a microorganism having an ability of producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy-\omega-alkoxycarbonylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (32) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy-\omega-alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy-\omega-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule, from a dicarboxylic acid monoester compound represented by a chemical formula (42):

$$R_{41} = O = O = CH_2 = CH_2 = CH_2 = O = OH$$

$$p = 1-8 \quad (42)$$

in which p may assume one or more arbitrary integral values within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and  $R_{41}$  may arbitrarily represent one or more residues indicated in the chemical formula; and at least a compound represented by a chemical formula (25) or at least a  $\omega$ -cyclohexylalkanoic acid represented by a chemical formula (26) as starting materials:

[Chemical Formula (25)]

$$R_{23}$$
—(CH<sub>2</sub>)q—CH<sub>2</sub>—CH<sub>2</sub>—COH  
q = 1-8 (25)

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in which q represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and  $R_{23}$  includes a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure;

15 [Chemical Formula (26)]

$$R_{24}$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_3$   $CH_4$   $CH_5$   $CH_5$ 

in which  $R_{24}$  represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group and represents an H atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a halogen atom, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and r represents an integer selected within a range

indicated in the chemical formula; [Chemical Formula (32)]

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in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula;  $R_{27}$  represents any of residues indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, n and  $R_{27}$  are the same or different for each unit; [Chemical Formula (2)]

$$CH_{2}$$
 m = 1-8(2)

in which m represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; R represents

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a residue having any of a phenyl structure and a thienyl structure; and in case plural units are present, m and R are the same or different for each unit; and

5 [Chemical Formula (3)]

$$CH - CH_{2} - C$$

$$CH_{2} \times k$$

$$k = 0-8$$

$$R_{1}$$

$$(3)$$

in which  $R_1$  represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group and represents an H atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a halogen atom, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; k represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present,  $R_1$  and k are the same or different for each unit.

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22. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 21, wherein  $R_{23}$  in the chemical formula (25) and R in the chemical formula (2), each representing a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, represents at least one of chemical formulas (31), (9), (10),

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(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17) and (18): the chemical formula (31):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenyl groups in which  $R_{26}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CH_2$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{26}$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (9):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted

phenoxy groups in which R<sub>4</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a SCH<sub>3</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>4</sub> is the same or different for each unit; the chemical formula (10):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted benzoyl groups in which  $R_5$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_5$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (11):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which R<sub>6</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>7</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> group (R<sub>7</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>8</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>6</sub> is the same or different for each unit; the chemical formula (12):

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represents a group of substituted or non-substituted (phenylmethyl) sulfanyl groups in which  $R_9$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{10}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{11}$  group ( $R_{10}$  representing either one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{11}$  representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and  $CC_2H_5$ ), a  $CC_3H_3$  group, a  $CC_3H_5$  gr

the chemical formula (13):

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15 represents a 2-thienyl group;

the chemical formula (14):

represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

phenylsulfinyl groups in which R<sub>12</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>13</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>14</sub> group (R<sub>13</sub> representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>14</sub> representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>12</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (17):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which  $R_{15}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a

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COOR<sub>16</sub> group, a  $SO_2R_{17}$  group ( $R_{16}$  representing either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{17}$  representing either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and  $OC_2H_5$ ), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{15}$  is the same or different for each unit; and

the chemical formula (18):

10 represents a (phenylmethyl) oxy group.

23. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 21, wherein the microorganism is cultured in a culture medium including at least a dicarboxylic acid monoester compound represented by the chemical formula (42) and at least a compound represented by the chemical formula (25) or at least an  $\omega$ -cyclohexylalkanoic acid represented by the chemical formula (26).

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24. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 23, wherein the microorganism is cultured in a culture medium including, in addition, at least one of a peptide, an yeast extract, an organic acid or a salt thereof, an

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amino acid or a salt thereof, a sugar, a linear alkanoic acid with 4 to 12 carbon atoms or a salt thereof.

25. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 21, characterized in including a step of recovering a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer, produced by said microorganism, from cells of the microorganism.

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26. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 21, wherein said microorganism is a microorganism belonging to Pseudomonas genus.

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- 27. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 26, wherein said microorganism is at least one of *Pseudomonas cichorii* YN2 strain (FERM BP-7375), *Pseudomonas cichorii* H45 strain (FERM BP-7374), *Pseudomonas jessenii* P161 (FERM BP-7376) and *Pseudomonas putida* P91 (FERM BP-7373).
- 28. A method for producing a polyhydroxy
  25 alkanoate copolymer, characterized in employing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy-ω-alkoxycarbonylalkanoic acid unit

represented by a chemical formula (32) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a  $3-hydroxy-\omega-cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit represented$ by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule as a 5 starting material, and executing a hydrolysis in the presence of an acid or an alkali or executing a hydrogenolysis including a catalytic reduction, thereby generating a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer including at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -carboxyalkanoic acid 10 unit represented by a chemical formula (19) in a molecule, and simultaneously at least a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ alkanoic acid unit represented by a chemical formula (2) or a 3-hydroxy- $\omega$ -cyclohexylalkanoic acid unit 15 represented by a chemical formula (3) in the molecule:

[Chemical Formula (32)]

$$COOR_{27}$$
 $n = 1-8$  (32)
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula;  $R_{27}$  represents any of residues indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present, n and  $R_{27}$  are the same or different for each unit; [Chemical Formula (2)]

$$--\left[O - CH - CH_{2} - C - \right] - \left(CH_{2}\right)m$$

$$R \qquad m = 1-8 (2)$$

in which m represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; R includes a residue having any of a phenyl structure and a thienyl structure; and in case plural units are present, m and R are the same or different for each unit;

[Chemical Formula (3)]

$$CH - CH_2 - C - C$$

$$CH_2)k$$

$$k = 0-8$$

$$R_1$$

$$(3)$$

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in which  $R_1$  represents a substituent on a cyclohexyl group and represents an H atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a halogen atom, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; k represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula; and in case plural units are present,  $R_1$  and k are the same or different for each unit; and

[Chemical Formula (19)]

n = 1-8 (19)

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in which n represents an integer selected within a range indicated in the chemical formula;  $R_{18}$  represents an H atom, a Na atom, or a K atom; and in case plural units are present, n and  $R_{18}$  are the same or different for each unit.

29. The method for producing a polyhydroxy alkanoate copolymer according to claim 28, wherein R in the chemical formula (2), representing a residue having a phenyl structure or a thienyl structure, represents at least one of chemical formulas (8), (9),

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(10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17) and (18):

the chemical formula (8):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenyl groups in which R<sub>2</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CH=CH<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>3</sub> group (R<sub>3</sub> representing an H atom, a Na atom or a K atom), a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>2</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (9):

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represents a group of non-substituted or substituted phenoxy groups in which  $R_4$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $CH_3$  group, a  $CF_3$  group, a  $C_2F_5$  group, or a  $C_3F_7$  group; and in case plural units are

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present,  $R_4$  is the same or different for each unit; the chemical formula (10):

represents a group of non-substituted or substituted benzoyl groups in which R<sub>5</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a CF<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub> group, or a C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub> group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>5</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (11):

$$R_s$$
  $-s$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfanyl groups in which R<sub>6</sub> represents a

15 substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>7</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> group (R<sub>7</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>8</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub>

20 group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present,

 $R_6$  is the same or different for each unit; the chemical formula (12):

$$R_9$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted

(phenylmethyl) sulfanyl groups in which R<sub>9</sub> represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>10</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub> group (R<sub>10</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>11</sub> represents either

one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>9</sub> is the same or different for each unit;

15 the chemical formula (13):

represents a 2-thienyl group; the chemical formula (14):

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represents a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; the chemical formula (15):

represents a 2-thienylcarbonyl group; the chemical formula (16):

represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfinyl groups in which  $R_{12}$  represents a substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a  $NO_2$  group, a  $COOR_{13}$  group, a  $SO_2R_{14}$  group ( $R_{13}$  represents either one of H, Na, K,  $CH_3$  and  $C_2H_5$ ; and  $R_{14}$  represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom,  $OCH_3$  and  $OC_2H_5$ ), a  $CH_3$  group, a  $C_2H_5$  group, a  $C_3H_7$  group, a  $(CH_3)_2$ -CH group or a  $(CH_3)_3$ -C group; and in case plural units are present,  $R_{12}$  is the same or different for each unit;

the chemical formula (17):

20 represents a group of substituted or non-substituted phenylsulfonyl groups in which  $R_{15}$  represents a

substituent on an aromatic ring and represents an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, a NO<sub>2</sub> group, a COOR<sub>16</sub> group, a SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub> group (R<sub>16</sub> represents either one of H, Na, K, CH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; and R<sub>17</sub> represents either one of OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH<sub>3</sub> and OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), a CH<sub>3</sub> group, a C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> group, a C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub> group, a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH group or a (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-C group; and in case plural units are present, R<sub>15</sub> is the same or different for each unit; and

10 the chemical formula (18):

represents a (phenylmethyl)oxy group.